

ICP Group Australasia Pty Ltd.

Chemwatch: 5146-30

Version No: 6.1.1.1 Safety Data Sheet according to WHS and ADG requirements Issue Date: 02/27/2020 Print Date: 04/01/2020 S.GHS.AUS.EN

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

Product Identifier

Product name	Stain Proof Acidic Cleaner (EFF-ERAYZA)	
Synonyms	Efflorescence, lime scale and hard water deposits remover	
Proper shipping name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (contains urea hydrochloride)	
Other means of identification	Not Available	
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Relevant identified uses Efflorescence, lime scale and hard water deposits remover.		

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	ICP Group Australasia Pty Ltd.	
Address	30-32 Assembly Dr. Tullamarine VIC 3043 Australia	
Telephone	1800 786 617	
Fax	Not Available	
Website	www.icpgroup.com	
Email	sales-australia@icpgroup.com	

Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	Chemtel
Emergency telephone numbers	1300-954-583
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

Poisons Schedule	Not Applicable		
Classification ^[1]	Metal Corrosion Category 1, Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2, Serious Eye Damage Category 1, Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Category 3 (respiratory tract irritation)		
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from HCIS; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI		

Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)	

DANGER

SIGNAL WORD

Hazard statement(s)	
H290	May be corrosive to metals.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary statement(s) General

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.	
P102	Keep out of reach of children.

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P271	P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.	
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.		

Precautionary statement(s) Response

P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.	
P310	P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

P405	Store locked up.	
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.	

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

1

P501 Dispose of contents/container to authorised hazardous or special waste collection point in accordance with any local regulation.

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
506-89-8	>50	urea hydrochloride
Not Available	balance	ingredients not contributing to the classification

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	 If this product comes in contact with the eyes: Immediately hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running water. Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes. Transport to hospital or doctor without delay. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	 If skin contact occurs: Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	 If fumes or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Lay patient down. Keep warm and rested. Prostheses such as false teeth, which may block airway, should be removed, where possible, prior to initiating first aid procedures. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing, preferably with a demand valve resuscitator, bag-valve mask device, or pocket mask as trained. Perform CPR if necessary. Transport to hospital, or doctor, without delay.
Ingestion	 If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration. Observe the patient carefully. Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious. Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink. Seek medical advice.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

- Water spray or fog.
- Foam.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	+ Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result		
Advice for firefighters			
Fire Fighting Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves. 			

Fire/Explosion Hazard	 Combustible. Slight fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame. Combustion products include: carbon dioxide (CO2) hydrogen chloride phosgene nitrogen oxides (NOx) other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material. May emit poisonous fumes. May emit corrosive fumes.
HAZCHEM	2X

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	 Remove all ignition sources. Clean up all spills immediately.
Major Spills	Moderate hazard. Clear area of personnel and move upwind.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	 Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation. Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin 		
Other information	 Store in original containers. Keep containers securely sealed. 		
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities			
Suitable container	 Metal can or drum Packaging as recommended by manufacturer. 		

	Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.	
Storage incompatibility	 Avoid reaction with oxidising agents Avoid strong acids, acid chlorides, acid anhydrides and chloroformates. Avoid strong bases. 	

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Not Available

EMERGENCY LIMITS

Ingredient	Material name	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
Stain Proof Acidic Cleaner (EFF-ERAYZA)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Ingredient	Original IDLH		Revised IDLH	
urea hydrochloride	Not Available		Not Available	

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection.		
Personal protection			
Eye and face protection	 Safety glasses with side shields. Chemical goggles. 		
Skin protection	See Hand protection below		

Hands/feet protection	 Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC. Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer. Where the chemical is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application. 	
Body protection	See Other protection below	
Other protection	 Overalls. P.V.C. 	

Respiratory protection

Type AB-P Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

- Cartridge respirators should never be used for emergency ingress or in areas of unknown vapour concentrations or oxygen content.
- The wearer must be warned to leave the contaminated area immediately on detecting any odours through the respirator. The odour may indicate that the mask is not functioning properly, that the vapour concentration is too high, or that the mask is not properly fitted. Because of these limitations, only restricted use of cartridge respirators is considered appropriate.
- Cartridge performance is affected by humidity. Cartridges should be changed after 2 hr of continuous use unless it is determined that the humidity is less than 75%, in which case, cartridges can be used for 4 hr. Used cartridges should be discarded daily, regardless of the length of time used

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Coloured liquid with a characteristic odour; mixes with water.

Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	1.205
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	<1	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	100	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Applicable
Flash point (°C)	Not Available	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Available	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	2.3 @ 20 degC	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Miscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	See section 7	
Chemical stability	 Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials. Product is considered stable. 	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7	
Conditions to avoid	See section 7	
Incompatible materials	See section 7	
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5	

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled	The material can cause respiratory irritation in some persons. The body's response to such irritation can cause further lung damage. Not normally a hazard due to non-volatile nature of product	
Ingestion	Considered an unlikely route of entry in commercial/industrial environments Ingestion may result in nausea, abdominal irritation, pain and vomiting	
Skin Contact	This material can cause inflammation of the skin on contact in some persons. Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material Entry into the blood-stream, through, for example, cuts, abrasions or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects. Examine the skin prior to the use of the material and ensure that any external damage is suitably protected.	
Eye	If applied to the eyes, this material causes severe eye damage.	
Chronic	Substance accumulation, in the human body, may occur and may cause some concern following repeated or long-term occupational exposure. Repeated or prolonged exposure to acids may result in the erosion of teeth, swelling and/or ulceration of mouth lining. Irritation of airways to lung, with cough, and inflammation of lung tissue often occurs.	

		HCI) vapour or fume may cause discolouration or erosion of the teeth, bleeding of the nose and s of the nose. Workers exposed to hydrochloric acid suffered from stomach inflammation and a flammation) have also been reported.	
Stain Proof Acidic Cleaner	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	
(EFF-ERAYZA)	Not Available	Not Available	
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	
urea hydrochloride	Not Available	Not Available	
Legend:	 Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2.* Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances 		
UREA HYDROCHLORIDE	No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search. For acid mists, aerosols, vapours Test results suggest that eukaryotic cells are susceptible to genetic damage when the pH falls to about 6.5. Cells from the respiratory tract have not been examined in this respect. Asthma-like symptoms may continue for months or even years after exposure to the material ends. This may be due to a non-allergic condition known as reactive airways dysfunction syndrome (RADS) which can occur after exposure to high levels of highly irritating compound.		

Acute Toxicity	×	Carcinogenicity	×
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	✓	Reproductivity	×
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	×	STOT - Single Exposure	×
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	×	STOT - Repeated Exposure	×
Mutagenicity	×	Aspiration Hazard	×
			ot available or does not fill the criteria for classification le to make classification

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

city				
	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE SOURC
Stain Proof Acidic Cleaner (EFF-ERAYZA)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Not Available Availab
	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE SOURC
urea hydrochloride	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Not Available Availab
Legend:	V3.12 (QSAR) -	Aquatic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4. l	HA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Ir. JS EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Dat I (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Da	ta 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessme

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air	
	No Data available for all ingredients	No Data available for all ingredients	
Bioaccumulative pote	ntial		
Ingredient	Bioaccumulation		
	No Data available for all ingredients		
Mobility in soil			

Ingredient Mobility No Data available for all ingredients

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal	Legislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory. Each user must refer to laws operating in their area. DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains. It may be necessary to collect all wash water for treatment before disposal. Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options. Consult State Land Waste Authority for disposal.
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SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Labels Required

Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	2X

Land transport (ADG)

UN number	3265
UN proper shipping name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (contains urea hydrochloride)
Transport hazard class(es)	Class 8 Subrisk Not Applicable
Packing group	III
Environmental hazard	Not Applicable
Special precautions for user	Special provisions 223 274 Limited quantity 5 L

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR)

UN number	3265		
UN proper shipping name	Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s. * (contains urea hydroch	loride)	
	ICAO/IATA Class 8		
Transport hazard class(es)	ICAO / IATA Subrisk Not Applicable		
	ERG Code 8L		
Packing group	11		
Environmental hazard	Not Applicable		
	Special provisions	A3 A803	
	Cargo Only Packing Instructions	856	
	Cargo Only Maximum Qty / Pack	60 L	
Special precautions for user	Passenger and Cargo Packing Instructions	852	
	Passenger and Cargo Maximum Qty / Pack	5 L	
	Passenger and Cargo Limited Quantity Packing Instructions	Y841	
	Passenger and Cargo Limited Maximum Qty / Pack	1L	

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee)

UN number	3265		
UN proper shipping name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (contains urea hydrochloride)		
Transport hazard class(es)	IMDG Class 8 IMDG Subrisk Not Applicable		
Packing group	Ш		
Environmental hazard	Not Applicable		
Special precautions for user	EMS NumberF-A , S-BSpecial provisions223 274Limited Quantities5 L		

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable DOT Remarks: Corrosive to Aluminium, Excepted per 49CFR 173.154(d)(1). [Manufacturer]

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

UREA HYDROCHLORIDE IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

Not Applicable

National Inventory Status

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AICS	Yes
Canada - DSL	Yes
Canada - NDSL	No (urea hydrochloride)
China - IECSC	Yes
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Yes
Japan - ENCS	No (urea hydrochloride)
Korea - KECI	Yes
New Zealand - NZIoC	Yes
Philippines - PICCS	Yes
USA - TSCA	Yes
Taiwan - TCSI	Yes
Mexico - INSQ	No (urea hydrochloride)
Vietnam - NCI	Yes
Russia - ARIPS	No (urea hydrochloride)
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets)

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Date	02/27/2020
Initial Date	07/22/2014

CONTACT POINT

PLEASE NOTE THAT TITANIUM DIOXIDE IS NOT PRESENT IN CLEAR OR NEUTRAL BASES

SDS Version Summary

Version	Issue Date	Sections Updated
5.1.1.1	02/10/2020	Name
6.1.1.1	02/27/2020	Transport, Transport Information

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings.

Definitions and abbreviations

- PC TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average PC – STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit₀ IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations OSF: Odour Safety Factor NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level TLV: Threshold Limit Value LOD: Limit Of Detection OTV: Odour Threshold Value BCF: BioConcentration Factors
- BEI: Biological Exposure Index

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